PSI #26  Transfusion Reaction  
Area-Level Indicator

### Numerator

Discharges 18 years and older or in MDC 14 with ICD-9-CM codes for transfusion reaction in any diagnosis field (principal or secondary) of all medical and surgical discharges defined by specific DRGs or MS-DRGs.

*ICD-9-CM Transfusion Reaction diagnosis codes:*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9996</td>
<td>ABO INCOMPATIBILITY REACTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9997</td>
<td>RH INCOMPATIBILITY REACTION</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E870</td>
<td>MISMATCHED BLOOD IN TRANSFUSION</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See *Patient Safety Indicators Appendices:*

- Appendix B – Medical Discharge DRGs
- Appendix C – Medical Discharge MS-DRGs
- Appendix D – Surgical Discharge DRGs
- Appendix E – Surgical Discharge MS-DRGs

### Denominator

Population of county or Metro Area¹ associated with FIPS code of patient’s residence or hospital location.

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¹ The term “metropolitan area” (MA) was adopted by the U.S. Census in 1990 and referred collectively to metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), consolidated metropolitan statistical areas (CMSAs) and primary metropolitan statistical areas (PMSAs). In addition, “area” could refer to either 1) FIPS county, 2) modified FIPS county, 3) 1999 OMB Metropolitan Statistical Area or 3) 2003 OMB Metropolitan Statistical Area. Micropolitan Statistical Areas are not used in the QI software.